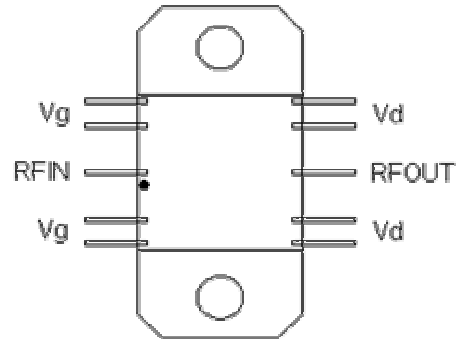


## 5 – 6 GHz 2 Watt Power Amplifier

### Features

- ◆ Frequency Range : 5 – 6GHz
- ◆ 32 dBm output P1dB
- ◆ 24.5 dB Power gain
- ◆ 28% PAE
- ◆ High IP3
- ◆ Input Return Loss > 8 dB
- ◆ Output Return Loss > 12 dB
- ◆ Dual bias operation
- ◆ No external matching required
- ◆ DC decoupled input and output
- ◆ 0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  InGaAs pHEMT Technology
- ◆ SMT Metal Ceramic Package

Functional Diagram



### Typical Applications

- ◆ RADAR
- ◆ Military & space
- ◆ LMDS, VSAT

### Description

The AMT2134021P is a C-band Power amplifier with 32dBm output P1dB. The PA uses 2 stages of amplification and operates in 5 – 6 GHz frequency range. The PA features 25 dB of gain with input and output return losses of 8 dB and 12 dB respectively. The PA has a high IP3 of 43dBm and 28% PAE. This feature enables it to be used in the applications requiring efficiency along with linearity. The chip operates with dual bias supply voltage.

The package used is a SMD Metal Ceramic Package with base metal made up of copper composite.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings <sup>(1)</sup>

Parameter	Absolute Maximum	Units
Drain bias voltage (Vd)	+10	volts
Drain current (Id)	1	A
RF input power (RFIn at Vd=9V)	26	dBm
Operating temperature	-50 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

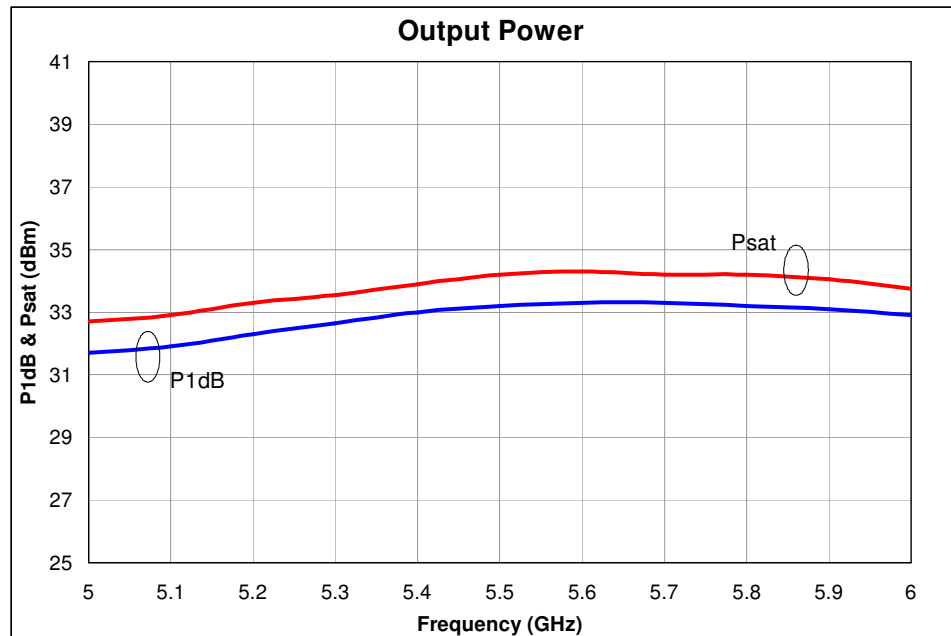
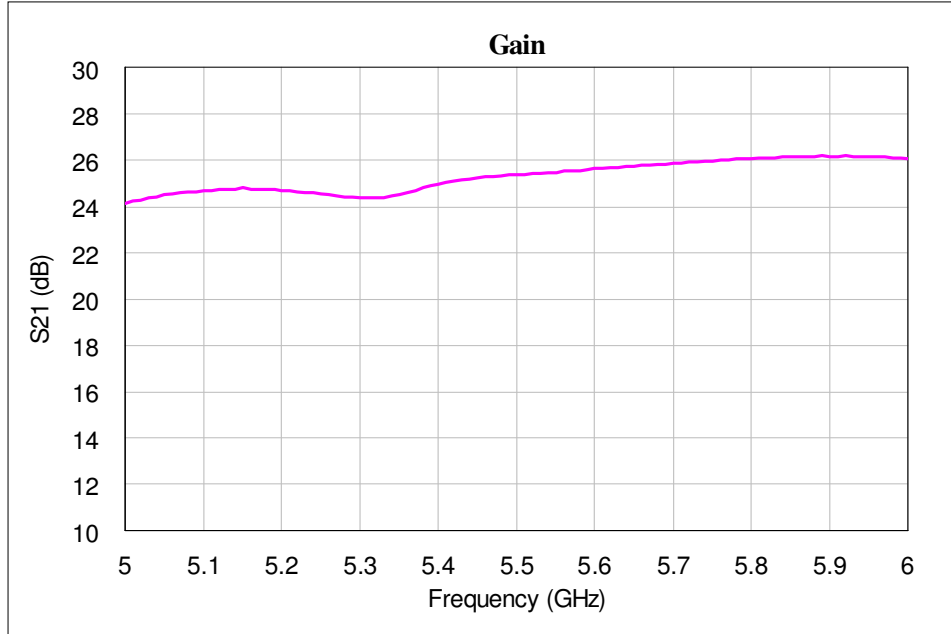
1. Operation beyond these limits may cause permanent damage to the component

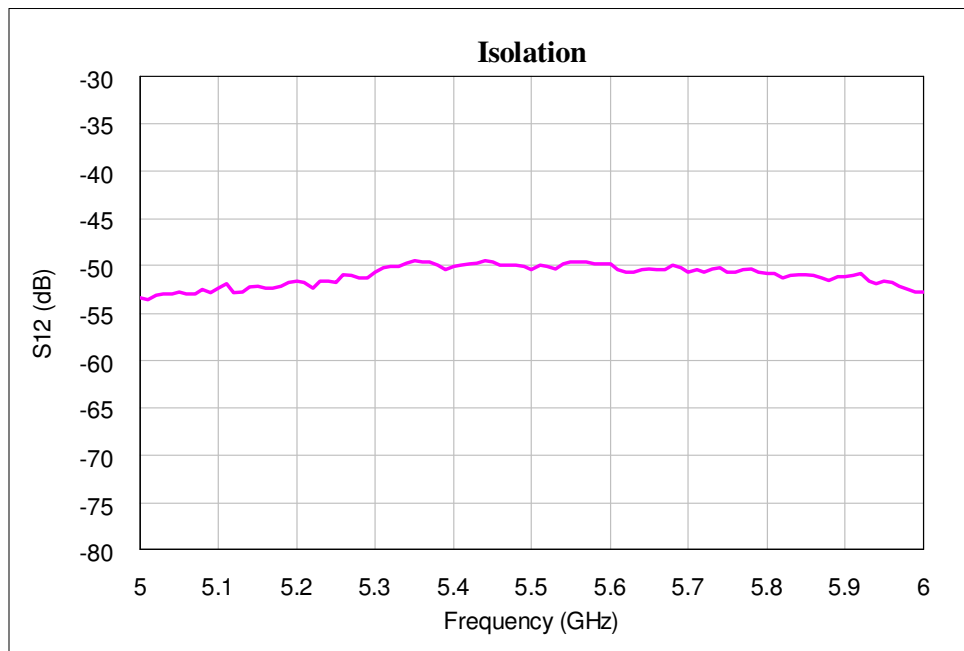
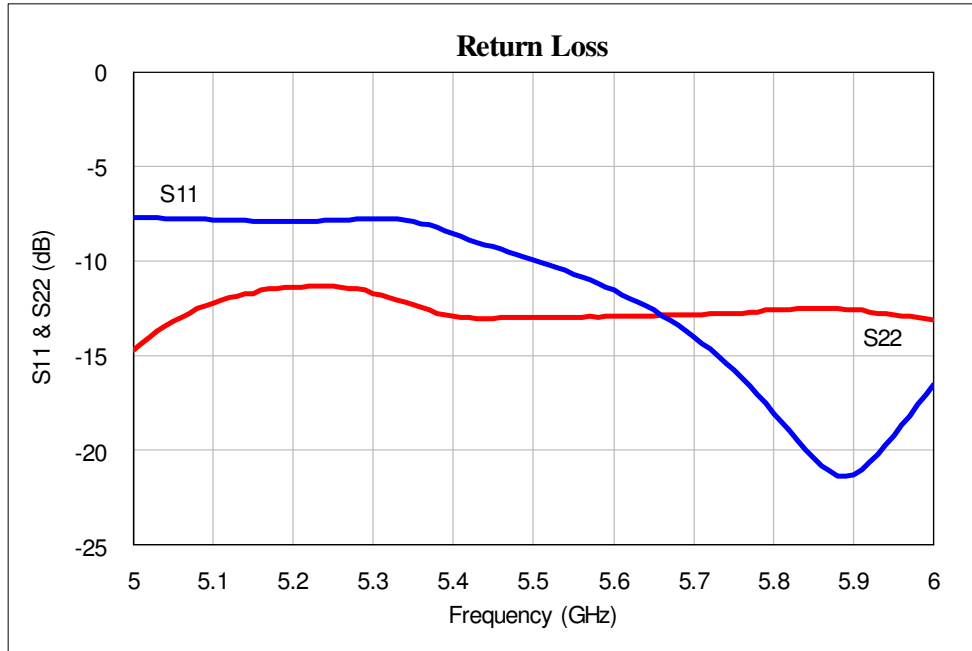
**Electrical Specifications <sup>(1)</sup> @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, V<sub>d</sub> = 8V, V<sub>g</sub> = -1V, Z<sub>o</sub> =50 Ω**

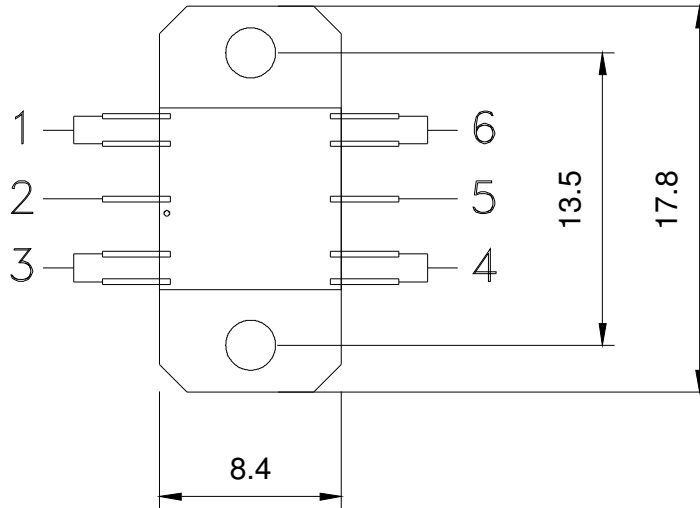
Parameter	Typ.	Units
Frequency Range	5 – 6	GHz
Gain	24.5	dB
Gain Flatness	+/-0.5	dB
Output Power (P1 dB)	32	dBm
Input Return Loss	8	dB
Output Return Loss	12	dB
Saturated output power (P <sub>sat</sub> )	33	dBm
Output Third Order Intercept (IP3)	43	dBm
Power Added Efficiency (PAE)	28%	--
Supply Current (I <sub>dq</sub> )	800	mA
Supply Current (I <sub>dsat</sub> <sup>2</sup> )	950	mA

**Note:**

1. Electrical specifications as measured in test fixture.
2. I<sub>dsat</sub> is the maximum current under input RF drive.

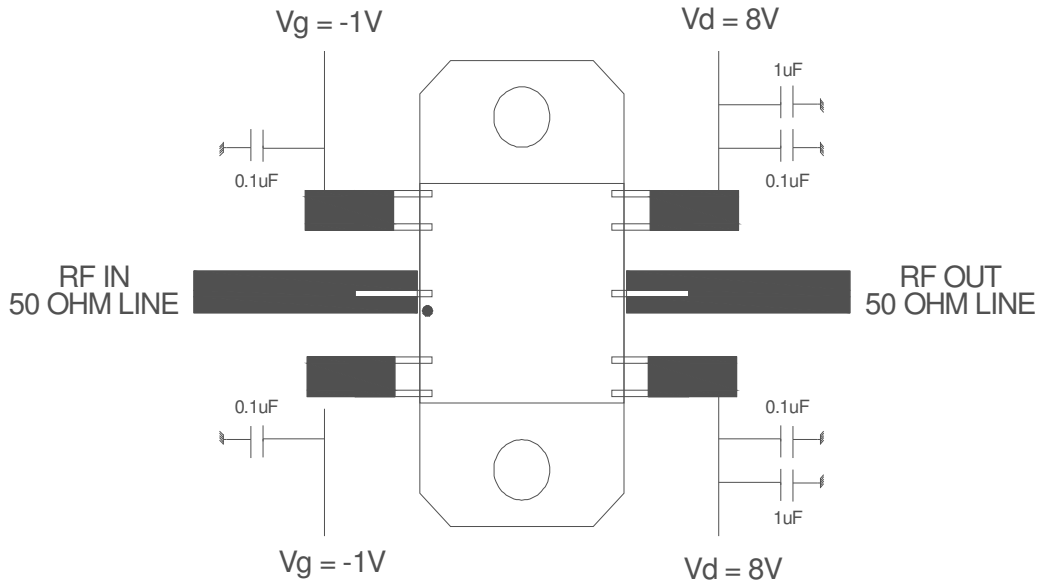
**Test fixture data**
 $V_d = 8V, V_g = -1V, \text{Total Current} = 800mA, T_A = 25^\circ C$ 


**Test fixture data** $V_d = 8V$ ,  $V_g = -1V$ , Total Current = 800mA,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ 

**Pin details****Units:** millimeters**Note:**

- 1. Pad no. 2 : RF IN
- 2. Pad no. 1,3 : Vg
- 3. Pad no. 6,4 : Vd
- 4. Pad no. 5 : RF OUT

## Recommended Assembly Diagram

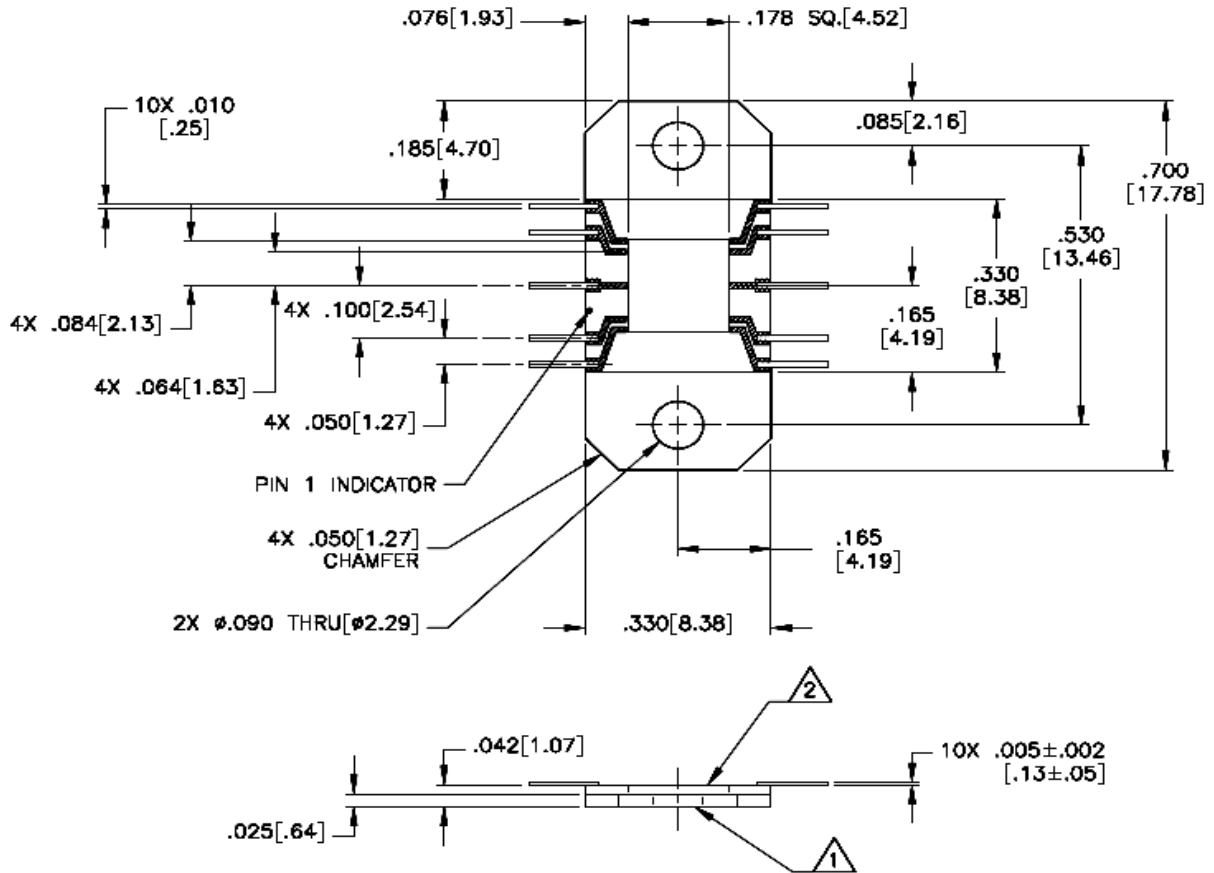


### Note :

1. Input and output 50 ohm lines are on 5 mil RT Duroid substrate
2. 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F capacitors may be additionally used as a second level of bypass for reliable operation
3. The RF input & output ports are DC decoupled on-chip.
4. Proper heat sink like Aluminium or copper to be used for better reliability of package

**Die attach:** For Epoxy attachment, use of a two-component conductive epoxy is recommended. An epoxy fillet should be visible around the total die periphery. If Eutectic attachment is preferred, use of fluxless AuSn (80/20) 1-2 mil thick preform solder is recommended. Use of AuGe preform should be strictly avoided.

**Wire bonding:** For DC pad connections use either ball or wedge bonds. For best RF performance, use of 150 - 200 $\mu$ m length of wedge bonds is advised. Single Ball bonds of 250-300 $\mu$ m though acceptable, may cause a deviation in RF performance.

**Package Outline Diagram**


Units: Inches [mm]



***GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to Electrostatic discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly & testing***

All information and Specifications are subject to change without prior notice